



# The Environmental Valuation Reference Inventory (EVRI) 2.0

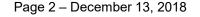


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# Environmental Valuation Reference Inventory (www.evri.ca)

- A compendium of summaries of environmental/human health valuation studies providing contextualized monetary values of ecological goods and services
- Nearly 5,000 study summaries available online (updated on an ongoing basis)
- Has existed for about 20 years and was fully revamped in October 2017
- EVRI is useful to:
  - Find values for specific ecological goods and services
  - Conduct literature review
  - Compile studies for meta-analysis
  - Identify candidate studies for benefit transfer
  - Learn more about environmental valuation
- EVRI was originally created in response to the need to compile the findings of environmental valuation studies in a common space and facilitate benefit transfer
- EVRI serves as a "bridge" between the providers of knowledge (mainly academics) and the endusers relying on this information to support their work (mainly policy decision-makers)
- Access now free for anyone in the world





## **Some Important Remarks...**

#### EVRI is not a substitute for expert judgment

Practitioners have to exercice caution and apply the necessary adjustments for benefit transfer. We highly recommend consulting the original publication in order to take full advantage of reading the footnotes

#### EVRI does not evaluate the quality of the original studies

Although studies in EVRI have to meet some minimal quality standards, practitioners have to decide whether a specific study is suitable for their needs

Grey literature may sometimes be the only existing source of information and could be sufficient to meet specific research needs

#### EVRI is not a « black box » generating dollar values to blindly copy/paste into a report

EVRI is designed to simplify the search (screening) for environmental values and to properly contextualize them





# Structure of a study summary

1) Bibliographical information

Authors, title, year, etc.

2) Study site information

Location and target population characteristics

3) Study focus information

 Specific environmental/health assets being valued, extent of change, stressors, etc.

4) Study methodology

Data sources, survey sampling, valuation methods, payment vehicle, study sponsors, etc.

5) Estimated Values

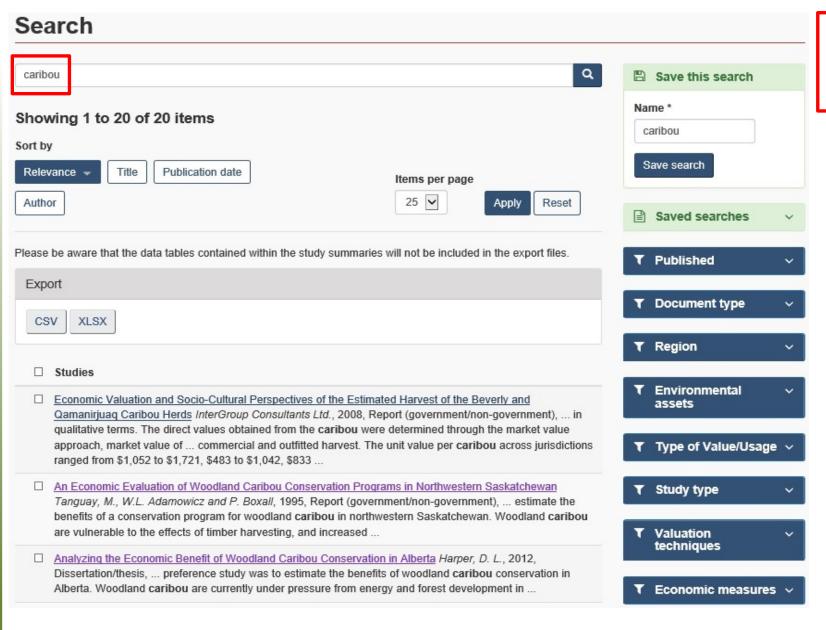
 Estimated \$ values and tables, with contextualization

6) Abstract

Synthesis of information in the EVRI summary









Define search keyword(s)

#### Step 2:

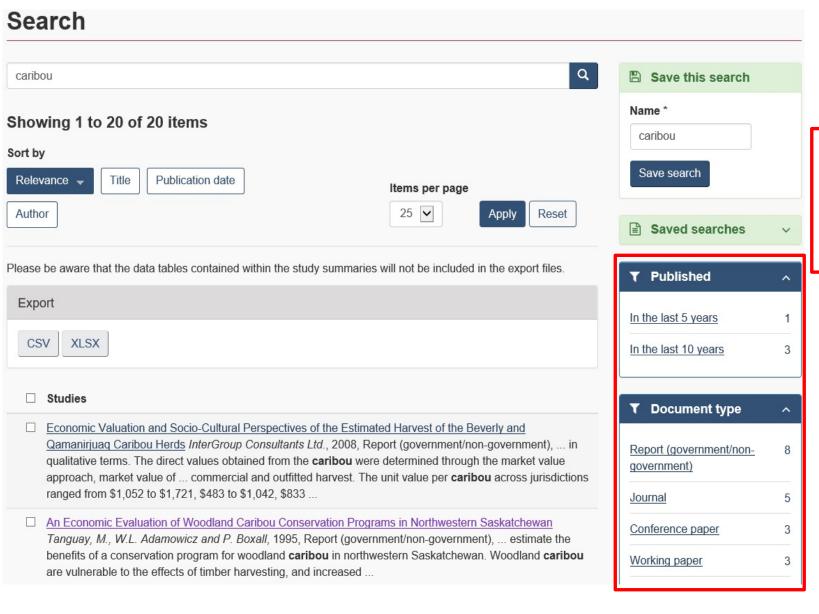
Narrow down search results using one or more facets

# Step 3 (optional):

Save search query and/or export selected search results







#### <u>Step 1</u>:

Define search keyword(s)

#### <u>Step 2</u>:

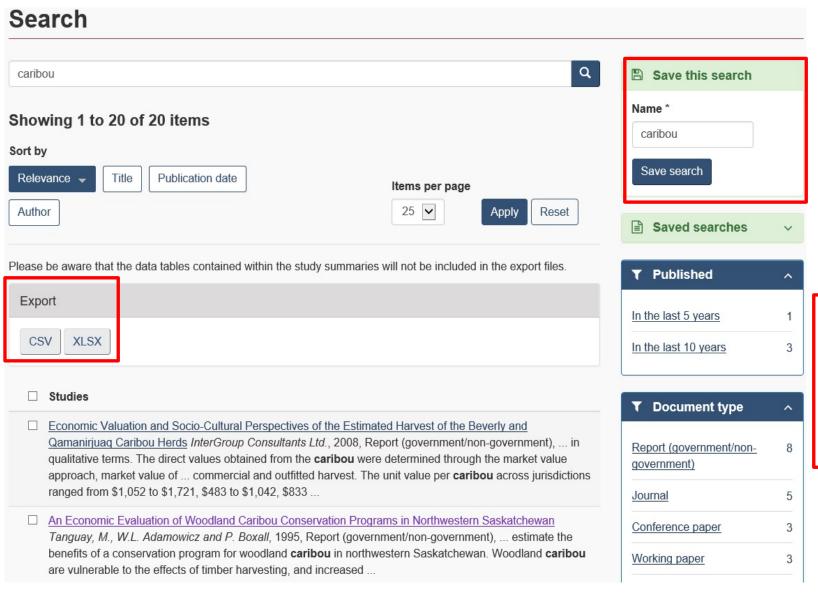
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Define search keyword(s)

#### Step 2:

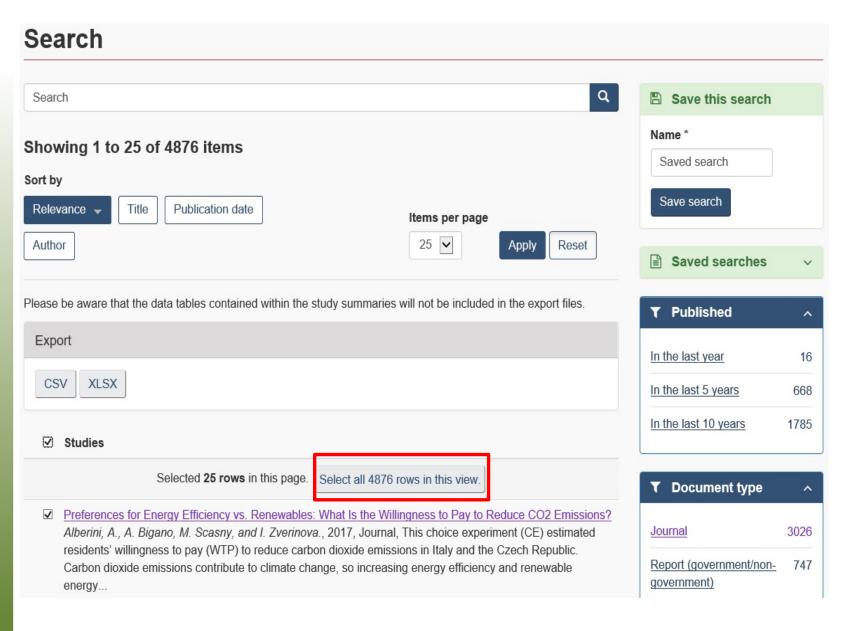
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The entire database's content can be extracted in a single CSV or XLS spreadsheet

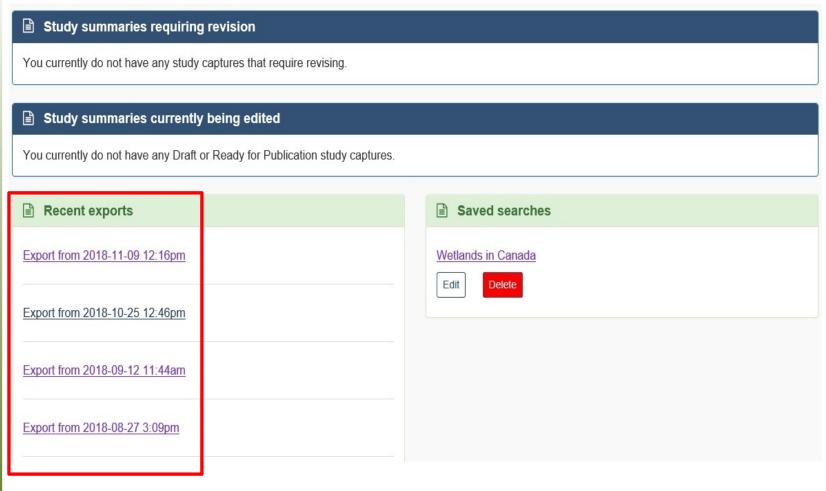
(Note: Value tables cannot be exported due to technical limitations.)

More details in the **EVRI User Manual** of the « How to use EVRI » website section





# « My Account » section



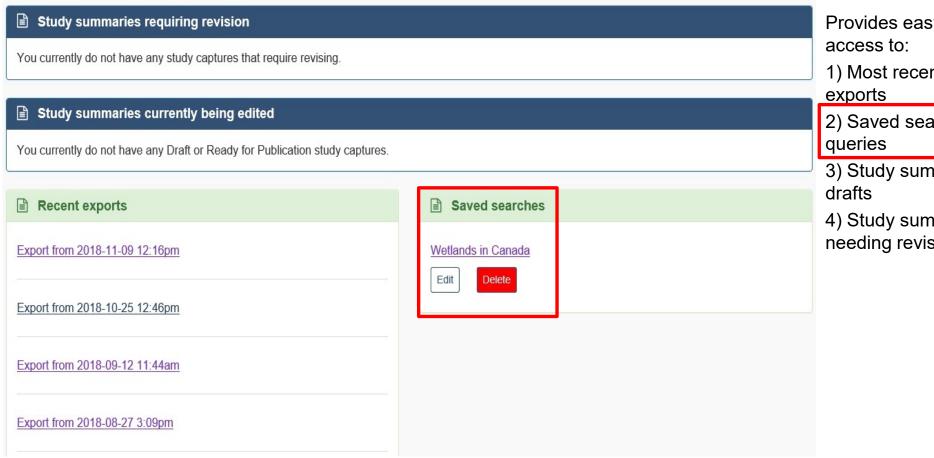
Provides easy access to:

- Most recent data exports
- 2) Saved search queries
- 3) Study summary drafts
- 4) Study summaries needing revision





## « My Account » section



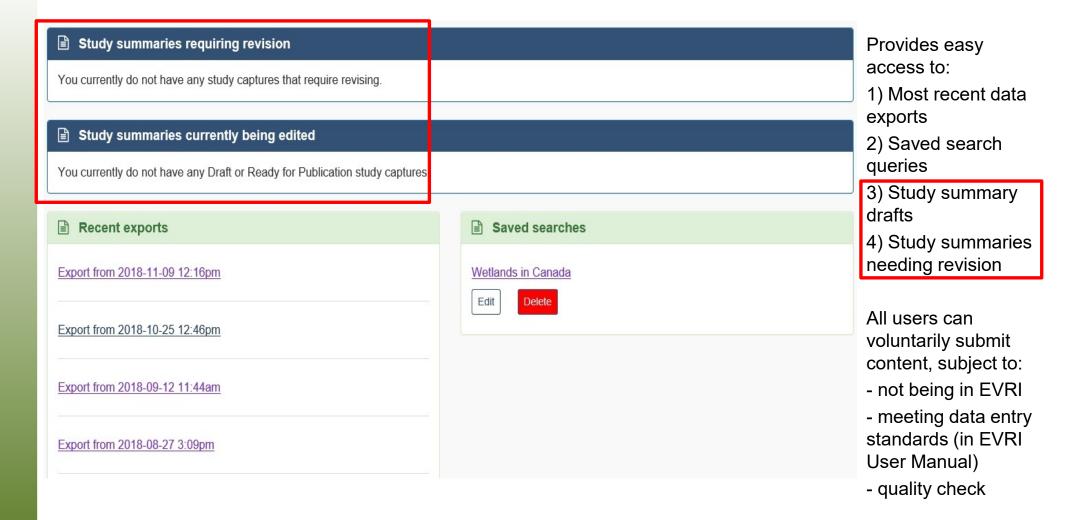
Provides easy

- 1) Most recent data
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# « My Account » section





# What are the Challenges and Future Projects?

#### Evolving context:

- Increasing pace of publication in the environmental valuation discipline
- Increasing interest for meta-analysis applications
- Aiming for collaborative content entry

#### Taxonomic update:

- EVRI taxonomy designed in the late 1990s, prior to current ecosystem services classifications (MEA, CICES, TEEB, etc.)
- EVRI classification more « asset-based » than « service-based »
- Need to revisit taxonomy to address classification gaps and reflect new developments in environmental valuation
- Standardization of historical database information (about 5,000 summaries) may be a massive undertaking

Should you have comments, questions, ideas or suggestions of studies to include into the database, do not hesitate to contact us!



